







Model Curriculum

QP Name: Solanaceous Crop Cultivator

QP Code: AGR/Q0402

Version: 3.0

NSQF Level: 3

Model Curriculum Version: 2.0

Agriculture Skill Council of India || Agriculture Skill Council of India (ASCI), 6th Floor, GNG Tower, Plot No. 10, Sector - 44







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Training Parameters

Sector	Agriculture
Sub-Sector	Agriculture Crop production
Occupation	Field Crops Cultivation (Food Crops)
Country	India
NSQF Level	4
Aligned to NCO/ISCO/ISIC Code	NCO-2015/6111.0101
Minimum Educational Qualification and Experience	Minimum Educational Qualification: Grade 10 OR Grade 8 with two years of (NTC/ NAC) after 8th OR Grade 8 pass and pursuing continuous schooling in regular school with vocational subject OR 8th grade pass with 2-year relevant experience OR 5th grade pass with 5-year relevant experience OR Previous relevant Qualification of NSQF Level 2 with 1-year relevant experience OR Previous relevant Qualification of NSQF Level 2.5 with 6 months' relevant experience
Pre-Requisite License or Training	NA
Minimum Job Entry Age	17 Years
Last Reviewed On	27-01-2022
Next Review Date	27-01-2025
NSQC Approval Date	27-01-2022
QP Version	3.0
Model Curriculum Creation Date	27-01-2022
Model Curriculum Valid Up to Date	27-01-2025
Model Curriculum Version	2.0
Minimum Duration of the Course	270 Hours







Maximum Duration of the Course 270 Hours







Program Overview

This section summarizes the end objectives of the program along with its duration.

Training Outcomes

At the end of the program, the learner should have acquired the listed knowledge and skills to:

- Describe the process of selecting and preparing the site and sow the Solanaceous crop
- Describe the process of transplanting the seedlings of Solanaceous crop
- Demonstrate the process of carrying out macro and micronutrient management of Solanaceous crop
- Describe the process of managing weed growth in Solanaceous crop
- Demonstrate the process of performing integrated pest and disease management for the Solanaceous crop
- Demonstrate the process of performing irrigation management for the Solanaceous crop
- Demonstrate the process of carrying out harvesting, processing and marketing of Solanaceous crop.
- Describe the basic farm management
- Describe the process of analysing the market information to make key decisions on crop cultivation
- Explain the basic entrepreneurial activities for small enterprise.
- Describe the process of undertaking employability and entrepreneurial practices.
- Describe the process of engaging in collective farming/activity.
- Demonstrate various practices to maintain personal hygiene, cleanliness, and safety at the workplace.

Compulsory Modules

The table lists the modules and their duration corresponding to the Compulsory NOS of the QP.

NOS and Module Details	Theory Duration	Practical Duration	On-the-Job Training Duration (Mandatory)	On-the-Job Training Duration (Recommended)	Total Duration
Bridge Module	05:00	00:00	0:00	0:00	05:00
Module 1: Introduction to the role of a Solanaceous Crop Cultivator	05:00	0:00	0:00	0:00	05:00
AGR/N0408: Seed selection and seedling production NOS Version- 1.0 NSQF Level- 4	05:00	05:00	0:00	0:00	10:00
Module 2: Process of seed Selection and seedling Production	05:00	05:00	0:00	0:00	10:00
AGR/N0409: Soil preparation and transplanting in	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00







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solanaceous crops NOS Version- 2.0 NSQF Level- 4					
Module 3: Process of soil preparation and transplanting in solanaceous crops	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
AGR/N0401: Soil nutrient Management in vegetable crops NOS Version-2.0 NSQF Level- 4	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
Module 4: Process of carrying out nutrient management in vegetable crops	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
AGR/N0402: Weed control and management in vegetable crops NOS Version-1.0 NSQF Level- 4	05:00	10:00	0:00	0:00	15:00
Module 5: Process of managing the weed growth in the vegetable crops	05:00	10:00	0:00	0:00	15:00
AGR/N0403: Integrated pest and disease management in vegetable crops NOS Version- 2.0 NSQF Level-4	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
Module 6: Process of performing integrated pest and disease management for solanaceous crop	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
AGR/N0404: Irrigation management in vegetable crops NOS Version- 1.0 NSQF Level-4	05:00	10:00	0:00	0:00	15:00
Module 7: Process of performing irrigation management for solanaceous crop	05:00	10:00	0:00	0:00	15:00







AGR/N0410: Harvest and post-harvest management in solanaceous crop NOS Version- 2.0 NSQF Level- 4	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
Module 8: Process of carrying out harvesting, post-harvest management in solanaceous crop	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
AGR/N9901: Basic farm management NOS Version- 1.0 NSQF Level-4	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
Module 9: Process of managing basic farm activities	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
AGR/N9902: Assimilating market information NOS Version- 1.0 NSQF Level-4	10:00	05:00	0:00	0:00	15:00
Module 10: Process of assimilating market information	10:00	05:00	0:00	0:00	15:00
AGR/N9903 Maintain health and safety at the workplace NOS Version- 3.0 NSQF Level- 4	10:00	20:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
Module 11: Hygiene and cleanliness	3:00	3:00	0:00	0:00	06:00
Module 12: Safety and emergency procedures	7:00	17:00	0:00	0:00	24:00
DGT/VSQ/N0101 Employability Skills NOS Version-1.0 NSQF Level-2	30:00	00:00	0:00	0:00	30:00
Module 13: Employability Skills	30:00	00:00	0:00	0:00	00:00
Total Duration	120:00	150:00	0:00	0:00	270:00







Module Details

Module 1: Introduction to the role of a Solanaceous Crop Cultivator Bridge Module

Terminal Outcomes:

• Discuss the job role of a Solanaceous Crop Cultivator

Duration: 05:00	Duration: 0:00
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes
 Describe the size and scope of the agriculture industry and its sub- sectors. 	
 Discuss the role and responsibilities of a Solanaceous Crop Cultivator. 	
 Identify various employment opportunities for a Solanaceous Crop Cultivator. 	
Classroom Aids	
Training Kit - Trainer Guide, Presentations, White	board, Marker, Projector, Laptop, Video Films
Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements	
NA	







Module 2: Process of seed Selection and seedling Production Mapped to AGR/N0408 v1.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Describe the process of selecting the site for the cultivation of Solanaceous crops
- Describe the process of procuring and preparing the planting material.
- Describe the process of sowing the seeds for solanaceous crop cultivation

Duration: 5:00	Duration: 05:00		
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes		
 List out various varieties of solanaceous crops Explain different methods of seedling production 	 identify various and appropriate variety (including hybrid) of solanaceous crops identify various vendors / suppliers 		
 Explain various characteristics of seed with their suitability to the location 	(including government nurseries /department) of the seed that are certified		
 Explain characteristics of healthy varieties 	 Demonstrate the process of procurement of seeds in appropriate quantities 		
 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of soil nursery or tray method 	 Analyse the market rates for solanaceous crop seeds (such as tomato, capsicum, etc) 		
 Explain depth and spacing of planting seedlings in case of soil nursery & tray 	 Demonstrate the nursery or tray method for growing seedlings 		
 Describe characteristics of appropriate tray (hole size, depth, rate, etc.) 	 Demonstrate the sowing of seeds at correct depth and appropriate spacing 		
Explain use of mesh net house and net tunnels	 Demonstrate the watering of seeds sown as per the requirement 		
 Explain ideal temperature, moisture & water content for seedlings to sprout 	 Analyse the demand of various varieties in the market Demonstrate the use of mesh net house and net tunnels 		

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

NA







Module 3: Process of soil preparation and transplanting in solanaceous crops

Mapped to ARG/N0409 v2.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Demonstrate the process of preparation of land for solanaceous crop cultivation
- Demonstrate the process of transplanting the seedlings
- Demonstrate various practices for effective resource optimisation.
- Demonstrate various waste management practices.
- Discuss ways to promote diversity and inclusion at the workplace.

Duration: 10:00	Duration: 20:00		
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes		
 State appropriate time for planting by taking soil, climatic conditions 	 Identify various authorized centers of soil testing 		
 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of intercropping and types of plant to be intercropped Explain the advantages of crop 	Demonstrate the preparation of the land to get appropriate tilth		
	 Demonstrate ploughing of land as per the requirement of the crop 		
rotationExplain the required distances	Demonstrate the use of appropriate equipment for soil levelling		
 between the ridges and furrows as per the varieties of solanaceous crops Explain the importance of pre irrigation of the land prior to transplanting 	 Estimate the requirement of farm yard manure and fertilizer in appropriate quantity based on the size of land and cropping density 		
	 Demonstrate the use of planting equipment (shovel or trowel) 		
	 Demonstrate transplanting of seedling at appropriate time and stage with proper spacing 		
	 Demonstrate the preparation of ridges and furrows 		
	Demonstrate application of apply farm yard manure and fertilizers		
Classroom Aids			
Fraining Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whit	ehoard Marker Projector Lanton		

NA







Module 4: Process of carrying out nutrient management in vegetable crops Mapped to AGR/N0401 v2.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Explain how to determine the macro and micronutrients requirements.
- Demonstrate the process of applying fertilisers to the soil.
- Demonstrate the process of performing soil conservation.

Duration: 10:00	Duration: 20:00
heory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes
 Explain the basic concepts of plant nutrition and soil fertility. Explain different types of macro and micronutrients, their properties and their functions. List common symptoms of nutrient deficiency in plants. 	 Demonstrate the process of preparing organic fertilisers such as farmyard manure, vermicompost and inorganic fertiliser solutions. Demonstrate the process of preparing the mixture of liquid fertilisers for application in the field, using them in the recommended quantity.
 Explain different types of green manure and nitrogen-fixing crops. Describe the process of soil sampling 	quantity.Show how to prepare the field for the application of fertilisers.
 Explain the importance of getting the soil tested through a government-approved lab. 	 Demonstrate the process of applying organic and inorganic fertilisers containing the required macro and micronutrients to the soil in the
 Explain how to interpret the soil analysis report to determine the macro and micronutrient requirements of the soil. 	 recommended dose. Show how to regulate the dose of fertiliser according to the crop cycle. Prepare a sample record of fertilisers
 Explain different soil types, their advantages and disadvantages with reference to the presence of various nutrients. 	 used in the field. Prepare a sample soil nutrition supplementation calendar based on the stages of the crop's growth.
 State the appropriate time and methods for the application of different types of fertilisers. 	 Demonstrate the process of applying mulch and organic fertilisers to conserve soil moisture.
 Explain the importance of regulating the dose of fertiliser according to the crop cycle. 	
 State the recommended dosage and application time of fertiliser for different types of crops. 	
• Explain the importance of soil conservation and various soil	







conservation practices.

- Explain various varieties of organic and inorganic fertilisers to be applied to the soil to improve its fertility, and nutrient content.
- Explain the harmful effects of the over-dosage of fertilizers.
- Describe the process of preparing a soil nutrition supplementation calendar based on the stages of the crop's growth.

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Sprayer, Fertilisers, Bio Fertilisers, Cloth Bags for Soil Sample, Khurpa







Module 5: Process of managing the weed growth in the vegetable crops Mapped to ARG/N0402 v1.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Describe the process of identifying weed growth.
- Demonstrate the process of performing weed management

Duration: 05:00	Duration: 10:00		
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes		
 State the critical period for organic weed control, reducing the dependence on herbicides and weedicides. 	 Demonstrate how to maintain the record of observations with respect to weed identification and their growth. 		
 Explain the adverse effect of different types of weed such as grass, broad leaves, sedges on crop growth. Explain various types of weed of vegetable crops 	 select the recommended herbicide as per the crop need Demonstrate the process of preparing the recommended herbicide/ bio-herbicide solution suitable to the crop. 		
 Describe different weed control methods such as preventative, intercultural, mechanical, biological and chemicals. 	 Show how to spray the herbicide/ bio-herbicide safely in the recommended dose. 		
 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of different weeding methods. 	 Demonstrate the process of removing weeds manually using the appropriate hand tools and implements, as required. 		
 State the critical period of crop-weed competition. Describe different manual weeding techniques. Explain the use of relevant weeding equipment such as hoe and spade. Explain the use of pre-emergent and post-emergent herbicides. Explain the difference between blanket and spot application of herbicides. Describe the process of soil 	 identify the types of weed in the vegetable crop as against the growth stage of the crop Demonstrate the suitable cultural and mechanical methods to control weeds select the combination of different types of weed control methods for effective weed management 		
 solarisation and pasteurisation. Explain various environmental norms to be adhered to during herbicide application. Explain the effects of herbicide 			







residue on the crop.

- Explain different ways to minimize pollution caused due to overuse of herbicides.
- Explain the importance of inspecting the field regularly to identify weed growth.
- Explain the appropriate combination of different types of intercultural and mechanical methods for effective weed control such as solarisation and pasteurisation.
- Describe the process of selecting and preparing the recommended herbicide/ bio-herbicide solution suitable to the crop.
- Explain about band and patch application of herbicides
- Explain the importance of retaining the weeds during the weeding process.
- Explain the importance of maintaining the herbicides and herbicide application equipment separately to prevent crosscontamination with other chemicals.

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Chemicals, Sprayer, Weeder, Hoe, Sickle







Module 6: Process of performing integrated pest and disease management for solanaceous crop

Mapped to NOS AGR/N0403 v2.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Explain the importance of following the relevant preventive measures to control pests and diseases.
- Describe the process of identifying pests and diseases in the Solanaceous crop.
- Describe the process of identifying and applying the necessary treatment.

Duration: 10:00	Duration: 20:00		
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes		
 Explain various types of diseases found in Solanaceous crop and their symptoms. Explain different biotic and abiotic factors causing diseases and disorders in plants. Explain different modes of transmission of disease such as implements, vectors, rain, wind. Explain the importance of adopting safe production methods for safe produce. Explain the advantages of biological control of insects, pests & diseases, bio-pesticides and pheromones used in IPM (Integrated Pest Management). State the minimum residue levels and Protected Health Information 	 Demonstrate the process of removing the diseased crop to prevent the spread of pests and disease to healthy crops. Demonstrate the use of light and pheromone traps to identify the presence and population of pests, insects and vectors. Demonstrate the process of applying the recommended treatment as per the prescription to remove pests and diseases. Demonstrate the use of relevant PPE. Demonstrate the preparation of a sample record of the use of any pesticides, insecticides and any other treatment. identify stages of crop and pest 		
 (PHI) for different types of pesticides. Explain the use of the pesticide spraying tools and equipment. 	 incidence Analyse symptoms and extent of damages Demonstrate how to conduct regular 		
 Explain the applicable national and international standards on pesticide residues. 	field scouting to identify disease symptoms and plant disease vectors • Demonstrate the ways to restrict		
 Explain the benefits of using pest and disease-resistant varieties of Solanaceous crop 	entry of pathogens into fields through planting material, irrigation water, workers and tools		
State the recommended practices to be followed to restrict the entry of state the recommended practices to			

pathogens into the field through







planting material, irrigation water, workers, tools and equipment, and vectors such as whitefly.

- Explain the practice of crop rotation with suitable crops.
- Explain the importance of identifying and removing the diseased crop to prevent the spread of pests and disease to the healthy crop.
- Explain the use of the recommended combination of biological, mechanical and chemical control methods for effective pest and disease prevention such as traps, sticky plates etc.
- Explain how to identify different types of pests in Solanaceous crop crops such as stem borer, leaf folder, Fall Armyworm, Panicle mites etc.
- Explain the signs of plant disease vectors and major Solanaceous crop diseases such as leaf spot, leaf blight, anthracnose, Powdery mildew, root rot, rust, yellow mosaic, etc.
- Describe the process of determining the stage of pest incidence along with the extent of damage and Economic Threshold Levels (ETL) of the pests.
- Explain the use of IPM methods such as light and pheromone traps to identify the presence and population of insects and vectors
- Describe the process of determining the causal organism for the disease and its treatment.
- List natural enemies of Solanaceous crop pests and explain the benefits of adopting them.
- Explain the importance of applying the recommended treatment as per the prescription and maintaining the record of their use.
- Explain how to minimise pollution caused by the overuse of pesticides.
- List the banned pesticide







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• Explain how to deal with chemical poisoning.

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Chemicals, Sprayer, Face Mask, Rubber Gloves, Pheromone Traps, Light Traps, Bird Perches, Sticky Traps







Module 7: Process of performing irrigation management for solanaceous crop

Mapped to AGR/N0404 v1.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Describe the process of preparing for field irrigation.
- Demonstrate the process of irrigating the field.
- Describe the process of managing water usage

Duration: 5:00	Duration: 10:00		
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes		
 State the timing and method of irrigation appropriate for a given soil type and climatic conditions. State the quantity of water required for the specific crop and its effect on the yield. 	 Demonstrate the process of setting up the appropriate irrigation system such as surface irrigation, drip irrigation, sub-surface irrigation system based on the requirement of the specific field crop. Demonstrate the process of 		
 Explain critical periods of water need for vegetable crops Explain the importance of sampling 	irrigating the field according to the recommended irrigation schedule for the crop.		
irrigation water through an authorised lab to determine its quality.	Demonstrate the sampling techniques for water testing		
 Explain various measures to be followed to improve the water quality. 	 Create proper water drainage Prepare a sample record of field irrigation to ensure irrigation as per 		
 Describe the process of setting up different types of irrigation systems such as surface irrigation, drip irrigation, sub-surface irrigation system. 	 select the suitable irrigation method in consultation with the expert Demonstrate how to plug water spills and leakages to prevent its 		
 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of different types of irrigation systems. 	wastage.Demonstrate implementation of measures to ensure optimum water		
 Explain basic irrigation principles Explain the importance of irrigating the field according to the recommended irrigation schedule for the crop and the factors to consider in scheduling irrigation. Explain the recommended practices 	 Demonstrate the use of various types of micro irrigation equipments to be used (misters, drippers, sprinklers, foggers, etc) Demonstrate the process of fertigation 		
to prevent over and under irrigation. Explain the recommended practices			

for effective drainage of excess







water from the field.

- Explain the importance of maintaining the recommended level of water in the soil to prevent the harmful effects of inappropriate levels of moisture in it.
- Explain basic concept of fertigation
- Explain key considerations in scheduling irrigation
- Explain various practices for optimised use of water and prevent its wastage.

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

NA







Module 8: Process of carrying out harvesting, post-harvest management in solanaceous crop

Mapped to AGR/N0410 v2.0

- Demonstrate the process of harvesting the Solanaceous crops
- Demonstrate how to process and pack the Solanaceous crops
- Describe the process of managing the inventory and market the produce.

Duration: 10:00	Duration: 20:00			
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes			
 Explain the ideal climate and conditions for harvesting Solanaceous crop. 	 Demonstrate the process of harvesting the crop using necessary tools, equipment and machinery. 			
 Explain how to assess the maturity of Solanaceous crop to ensure their readiness for being harvested. Explain harvesting of the crop based 	 Demonstrate the process of sorting the harvested Solanaceous crop on the applicable parameters such as quality, colour, size and appearance. 			
 on use and distance from the market Describe the manual and mechanical methods for harvesting Solanaceous crop and the use of relevant tools and equipment. 	 Show how to pack the Solanaceous crop following the relevant packaging standards and label the packs with the necessary information as per the applicable regulatory requirements. 			
 Explain the importance and ways of maintaining the recommended level of moisture in Solanaceous crop. 	 Show how to weigh the packed Solanaceous crop to ensure correct weight in the packs and seal them. 			
 Explain the signs of biological infestation in Solanaceous crop and the importance of segregating the infested and damaged Solanaceous crop. 	 Demonstrate the process of applying the recommended treatment in the storage area to remove pests and rodents and store the packed Solanaceous crop 			
 Explain the relevant parameters to sort out the harvested Solanaceous crop such as quality, colour, size, appearance, etc. 	 Demonstrate how to process the payment using an e-payment method. 			
State the appropriate packing material for packing a variety of	 Show how to calculate the benefit- cost (B:C) ratio. 			
 Solanaceous crops such as jute bags, Polypropylene (PP) pouches, High- Density Polyethylene (HDPE) 	 Prepare a sample manual and/ or electronic record of the sales and payments. 			
packaging, etc.	 Demonstrate grading of crop based on size, color and quality 			
 Explain the importance and ways of protecting the produce from damage and contamination. 	Demonstrate packaging of crop with appropriate material and method			
State the appropriate temperature and humidity for storing the	Analyse market rates of the crop			







Solanaceous crop

- Explain the basic inventory management practices.
- Describe the process of identifying and negotiating with potential buyers.
- State the appropriate mode of transport for transporting a variety of Solanaceous crop
- Explain harvesting based on demand of type in the market (in case of tomatoes)

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Sickle, Harvester, Thresher, Sprayer, Fumigants, Storage Bags, Bag Sealing Machine/ Tools, Weighing Machine







Module 9: Process of managing basic farm activities Mapped to AGR/N9901 v2.0

- Describe crop planning
- Demonstrate the process of documentation and record keeping
- Describe Financial Management
- Explain market interface

Duration: 10:00 Duration: 20:00						
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes					
 Explain various intercropping patterns based on the main crop 	 Select the crop based on agro-climatic condition of the region 					
 Explain about the soil testing report and its components 	Demonstrate sampling of soil for soil testing					
 Explain the key considerations in selecting the main crop and intercrop for profit maximization 	 Analyse the soil testing report and its components 					
 Explain the benefits of intercropping and type of crops to be intercropped 	Demonstrate planting suitable intercrop as per the main crop					
 Explain the benefits of crop rotation and types of crop to be rotated 	Calculate the total cost involved in production of crop viz. from land					
 Explain about the record keeping components and methodologies for various activities 	preparation to marketingEstimate the market demand for the produce					
 Explain the basic accounting principles Explain basic book-keeping principles 	Analyse the rates of different produce and the fluctuation in the pricing					
 List out different markets/mandi in the region Explain relevant health and safety requirements applicable in the work environment 	 Estimate the transportation requirement for the produce Demonstrate the procedure to maintain 					
Explain relevant legislation, standards, policies and procedures at work Explain the importance of following health.	various records and calendars like crop production activity record, crop calendars, calendars of weed, insects					
 Explain the importance of following health, hygiene, safety and quality standards and the impact of not following the standards on consumers and the business 	 and pest calendar identify local traders, mandis in the villages and nearby and compare the rates Demonstrate the procedure to maintain the books of accounts 					

Classroom Aids

Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

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Module 10: Process of assimilating market information Mapped to AGR/N9902 v2.0

• Analyse market information to make key decisions on solanaceous crop cultivation

Duration: 10:00	Duration: 05:00			
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes			
 Explain how to use market information for taking cost effective production decisions 	 Analyse availability and non- availability of specific market information 			
 Describe the prices of different products such as seeds, pest, fertilizer, etc based on quality and 	Demonstrate documentation of market information			
variety of selected crop	 evaluate the authenticity of information received 			
 Explain how to use market information to decide on crop and area to be sown which could result in 	Analyse the information for taking decision			
 Explain various methods of collecting information through personal visit, telephone, internet and published 	 Demonstrate the methods to collect information like personal visit, telephonic conversations, internet etc. 			
reports, magazines and articles, workshops, attending seminars and	 Estimate the periodicity and cost of assessing market information 			
training by agriculture extension service providers	identify different sources of information at market level through			
 Explain benefits derived from market information 	commission agents, mandi, samitis and input dealers			
Explain about the price fluctuations in markets and explain how to take appropriate decision	 identify different sources of information through media sources like radio, newspapers, television, magazine, internet, sms in mobile phones etc. 			
	 identify the appropriate sources of specific market information and proper ways to collect the required information 			
	 Demonstrate the use of market information for appropriate post- harvesting decision like drying , grading, bagging, transportation, processing and storage 			
	 Show how to decide on marketing parameters like where to sell, when to sell, to whom to sell and what quantity to sell etc. which leads to 			







	 Profit Analyse and make projections/future price movements through information sources 				
Classroom Aids					
Training Kit (Trainer Guide, Presentations). Whiteboard, Marker, Projector, Laptop					
Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements					
XXXX					







Module 11: Hygiene and cleanliness Mapped to NOS AGR/N9903 v3.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Discuss how to adhere to personal hygiene practices.
- Demonstrate ways to ensure cleanliness around the workplace.

Duration: 03:00	Duration: 03:00			
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes			
 Explain the requirements of personal health, hygiene and fitness at work. Describe common health-related guidelines laid down by the organizations/ Government at the workplace. 	 Demonstrate personal hygiene practices to be followed at the workplace. Demonstrate the correct way of washing hands using soap and water, and alcohol-based hand rubs. 			
 Explain the importance of good housekeeping at the workplace. 	 Demonstrate the steps to follow to put on and take off a mask safely. 			
 Explain the importance of informing the designated authority on personal health issues related to injuries and 	 Show how to sanitize and disinfect one's work area regularly. Demonstrate adherence to the 			
infectious diseases.	workplace sanitization norms.Show how to ensure the cleanliness of the work area.			

Classroom Aids:

Computer, Projection Equipment, PowerPoint Presentation and Software, Facilitator's Guide, Participant's Handbook.

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Personal Protective Equipment, Cleaning Equipment and Materials, Sanitizer, Soap, Mask







Module 12: Safety and emergency procedures Mapped to NOS AGR/N9903 v3.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Describe how to adhere to safety guidelines.
- Show how to administer appropriate emergency procedures.

Duration: 07:00	Duration: 17:00		
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes		
 List the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) required at the workplace. 	 Check various areas of the workplace for leakages, water-logging, pests, fire, etc. 		
 Describe the commonly reported hazards at the workplace. 	 Demonstrate how to safely use the PPE and implements it as applicable to the workplace. 		
 Describe the hazards caused due to chemicals/ pesticides/ fumigants. 	 Display the correct way of donning, doffing and discarding PPE such as 		
 Describe the basic safety checks to be done before the operation of any 	face masks, hand gloves, face shields, PPE suits, etc.		
equipment/ machinery.	 Sanitize the tools, equipment and machinery properly. 		
 Describe the common first aid procedures to be followed in case of emergencies. 	 Demonstrate the safe disposal of waste. 		
 State measures that can be taken to prevent accidents and damage s at the workplace. 	 Demonstrate procedures for dealing with accidents, fires and emergencies. 		
 Explain the importance of reporting details of first aid administered, to the reporting officer/ doctor, in 	 Demonstrate emergency procedures to the given workplace requirements. 		
accordance with workplace procedures.	 Demonstrate the use of emergency equipment in accordance with manufacturers' specifications and 		
State common health and safety	workplace requirements.		
guidelines to be followed at the workplace.	 Demonstrate the administration of first aid. 		
	 Prepare a list of relevant hotline/ emergency numbers. 		

Classroom Aids:

Computer, Projection Equipment, PowerPoint Presentation and Software, Facilitator's Guide, Participant's Handbook.

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Personal Protective Equipment, First Aid Kit, Equipment used in Medical Emergencies.







Module 13: Employability Skills (30 hours) Mapped to NOS DGT/VSQ/N0101 v1.0

Duration: 30:00

Key Learning Outcomes

Introduction to Employability Skills Duration: 1 Hour

After completing this programme, participants will be able to:

1. Discuss the importance of Employability Skills in meeting the job requirements

Constitutional values - Citizenship Duration: 1 Hour

- 2. Explain constitutional values, civic rights, duties, citizenship, responsibility towards society etc. that are required to be followed to become a responsible citizen.
- 3. Show how to practice different environmentally sustainable practices

Becoming a Professional in the 21st Century Duration: 1 Hours

- 4. Discuss 21st century skills.
- 5. Display positive attitude, self -motivation, problem solving, time management skills and continuous learning mindset in different situations.

Basic English Skills Duration: 2 Hours

6. Use appropriate basic English sentences/phrases while speaking

Communication Skills Duration: 4 Hour

- 7. Demonstrate how to communicate in a well -mannered way with others.
- 8. Demonstrate working with others in a team

Diversity & Inclusion Duration: 1 Hour

- 9. Show how to conduct oneself appropriately with all genders and PwD
- 10. Discuss the significance of reporting sexual harassment issues in time

Financial and Legal Literacy Duration: 4 Hours

- 11. Discuss the significance of using financial products and services safely and securely.
- 12. Explain the importance of managing expenses, income, and savings.
- 13. Explain the significance of approaching the concerned authorities in time for any exploitation as per legal rights and laws

Essential Digital Skills Duration: 3 Hours

- 14. Show how to operate digital devices and use the associated applications and features, safely and securely
- 15. Discuss the significance of using internet for browsing, accessing social media platforms, safely and securely

Entrepreneurship Duration: 7 Hours

16. Discuss the need for identifying opportunities for potential business, sources for arranging money and potential legal and financial challenges

Customer Service Duration: 4 Hours

- 17. Differentiate between types of customers
- 18. Explain the significance of identifying customer needs and addressing them







19. Discuss the significance of maintaining hygiene and dressing appropriately

Getting ready for apprenticeship & Jobs Duration: 2 Hours

- 20. Create a biodata
- 21. Use various sources to search and apply for jobs
- 22. Discuss the significance of dressing up neatly and maintaining hygiene for an interview
- 23. Discuss how to search and register for apprenticeship opportunities







Annexure

Trainer Requirements

Trainer Prerequisites						
Minimum Educational	Specialization	Relevant Industry Experience		Traini Exper		Remarks
Qualification	_		Years Specialization		Specialization	
10th class		5	Agriculture Crop Production	0		Solanaceous Crop Cultivator with 5 Years' experience with 10th Pass. Experience certificate issued by BDO/Agriculture Officer/Head of Gram panchayat/Loan disbursing bank or financial institution on official letter Head
12th Class		4	Agriculture Crop Production	0		Ex-Service-Man including Ex-Paramilitary personnel: Minimum Qualification is 10+2 with an Honourable Discharge/Pension. SC would consider a relaxation/waiver of sector specific experience on case to case basis.
Diploma	Agriculture	3	Agriculture Crop Production	0		
Graduate	Graduate in any stream except Agriculture / Horticulture/ Forestry	2	Agriculture Crop Production	0		For school Program minimum qualification of Trainer should be Graduate in Botany/Agriculture. Their Teaching experience will be considered industry experience
Graduate	Agriculture / Horticulture/ Forestry	0		0		

Trainer Certification					
Domain Certification Platform Certification					
Certified for Job Role " Solanaceous Crop Cultivator", mapped to QP: "AGR/Q0402, v1.0", Minimum accepted score is 80%	Recommended that the Trainer is certified for the Job Role: "Trainer (Vet and Skills)", mapped to the Qualification Pack: "MEP/Q2601, v20". The minimum accepted score as per MEPSC guidelines is 80%.				







Assessor Requirements

Assessor Prerequisites						
Minimum Educational	Specialization	Relevant Industry Experience		Training/Assessment Experience		Remarks
Qualification		Years	Specialization	Years	Specialization	
B.Sc	Agriculture/ Botany/ Forestry/ Horticulture/ Floriculture and related streams	5	Agriculture / Forestry / Horticulture and related streams	0		Practical skills and knowledge required in various tasks of Solanaceous crops cultivation
M.Sc	Agriculture/ Botany/ Forestry/ Horticulture/ Floriculture and related streams	2	Agriculture / Forestry / Horticulture and related streams	0		Practical skills and knowledge required in various tasks of Solanaceous crops cultivation
PhD	Agriculture/ Botany/ Forestry/ Horticulture/ Floriculture and related streams	1	Agriculture / Forestry / Horticulture and related streams	0		Practical skills and knowledge required in various tasks of Solanaceous crops cultivation

Assessor Certification				
Domain Certification Platform Certification				
Certified for Job Role " Solanaceous Crop Cultivator", mapped to QP: "AGR/Q0402, v1.0", Minimum accepted score is 80%	Certified for the Job Role: "Assessor (Vet and Skills)", mapped to the Qualification Pack: "MEP/Q2701, v2.0", with a minimum score of 80%.			







Assessment Strategy

Assessment System Overview

In Agriculture Sector it is of ultimate importance that individuals dealing with crop production or livestock have the requisite knowledge and competencies to undertake the task. Based on the Assessment Criteria, SSC in association with empaneled AAs, define the test structure for the given job roles to cover the required skills and competencies. Assessment strategy consists of the following:

- 1. <u>Multiple Choice Questions</u>: To assess basic knowledge (Objective/Subjective)
- 2. <u>Viva:</u> To assess awareness on processes (Oral and/or written questioning)
- 3. <u>Practical:</u> To evaluate skills and identify competencies. (Observation)

Assessments for knowledge and awareness on processes may be conducted through 'real-time' internet-based evaluation or by conducting the same 'offline' through TABs. Skills and competencies are to be assessed by conducting 'practical' on the ground through qualified and ToA certified assessors.

An individual must have adequate knowledge and skills to perform a specific task, weightage for different aspects of the assessment is given as follows:

- Multiple Choice Questions: 20%-30%, depending on the specific QP
- Viva: 20%
- Practical: 50% 60% (Involves demonstrations of applications and presentations of procedures/tasks and other components)
- Assessment will be carried out by certified assessors through empaneled assessment partners. Based on the results of the assessment; ASCI will certify the learners/candidates

Testing Environment

Assessments are conducted on laptops, Mobiles and android tablets via both offline and online mode depending on the internet connectivity at the assessment location.

In remote locations/villages, assessments get delivered through tablets without the requirement of the Internet.

- Multilingual assessments (ASCI is conducting the assessments in 13 + languages pan India)
- Rubric driven assessments in Practical/Viva sections and responses recorded accordingly
- All responses, data, records and feedback are stored digitally on the cloud
- Advanced auto-proctoring features photographs, time-stamp, geographic-tagging, toggle- screen/copy-paste disabled, etc.
- Android-based monitoring system
- End to end process from allocation of a batch to final result upload, there is no manual intervention







- Assessment will normally be fixed for a day after the end date of the training / within
 7 days of completion of training.
- Assessment will be conducted at the training venue
- The room where assessment is conducted will be set with proper seating arrangements with enough space to curb copying or other unethical activities
- Question bank of theory and practice will be prepared by ASCI /assessment agency and approved ASCI. Only from approved Question Bank assessment agency will prepare the question paper. Theory testing will include multiple-choice questions, pictorial questions, etc. which will test the trainee on his theoretical knowledge of the subject.
- The theory, practical and viva assessments will be carried out on the same day. In case of a greater number of candidates, the number of assessors and venue facilitation be increased and facilitated

Assessment					
Assessment Type	Formative or Summative	Strategies	Examples		
Theory	Summative	MCQ/Written exam	Knowledge of facts related to the job role and functions. Understanding of principles and concepts related to the job role and functions		
Practical	Summative	Structured tasks/Demonstration	Practical application /Demonstration /Application tasks		
Viva	Summative	Questioning and Probing	Mock interviews on the usability of job roles/advantages /importance of adherence to procedures. Viva will be used to gauge trainee's confidence and correct knowledge in handling the job situation		

The question paper is pre-loaded in the computer /Tablet and it will be in the language as requested by the training partner.







Assessment Quality Assurance framework

Assessment Framework and Design:

Based on the Assessment Criteria, SSC in association with AAs will define the test structure for the given roles to cover the required skills and competencies. ASCI offer a bouquet of tools for multi-dimensional evaluation of candidates covering language, cognitive skills, behavioural traits and domain knowledge.

Theoretical Knowledge - Item constructs and types are determined by a theoretical understanding of the testing objectives and published research about the item types and constructs that have shown statistical validity towards measuring the construct. Test item types that have been reported to be coachable are not included. Based on these, items are developed by domain experts. They are provided with comprehensive guidelines of the testing objectives of each question and other quality measures.

Type – Questions based on Knowledge Required, Case-based practical scenario questions and automated simulation-based questions.

Practical Skills - The practical assessments are developed taking into consideration two aspects: what practical tasks is the candidate expected to perform on the job and what aspects of the job cannot be judged through theoretical assessments. The candidates shall be asked to perform either an entire task or a set of subtasks depending on the nature of the job role

Type – Standardized rubrics for evaluation against a set of tasks in a demo/practical task

Viva Voce - Those practical tasks which cannot be performed due to time or resource constraints are evaluated through the viva mode. Practical tasks are backed up with Viva for thorough assessment and complete evaluation

Type – Procedural questions, dos and don'ts, subjective questions to check the understanding of practical tasks.

The assessor has to go through an orientation program organized by the Assessment Agency. The training would give an overview to the assessors on the overall framework of QP evaluation. The assessor shall be given a NOS and PC level overview of each QP as applicable. The overall structure of assessment and objectivity of the marking scheme will be explained to them. The giving of marks will be driven by an objective framework that will maintain the standardization of the marking scheme.

Type of Evidence and Evidence Gathering Protocol:

During the assessment the evidence collected by AAs and ASCI are:

- Geo Tagging to track ongoing assessment
- AA's coordinator emails the list of documents and evidence (photos and videos) to the assessor one day before the assessment. The list is mentioned below:
 - Signed Attendance sheet
 - Assessor feedback sheet







- Candidate feedback sheet
- Assessment checklist for assessor
- Candidate Aadhar/ID card verification
- Pictures of the classroom, labs to check the availability of adequate equipment's and tools to conduct the training and assessment
- Pictures and videos of Assessment, training feedback and infrastructure.
- Apart from the Assessor, a Technical assistant is popularly known as Proctor also ensures
 the proper documentation and they verify each other's tasks.
- To validate their work on the day of the assessment, regular calls and video calls are done.
- On-boarding and training of the assessor and proctor are done on a timely basis to ensure that the quality of the assessment should be maintained.
- Training covers the understanding of QP, NSQF level, NOS and assessment structure

Methods of Validation

- Morning Check (Pre-Assessment): Backend team of AA calls and confirms assessor/technical SPOC event status. Assessor/Technical SPOC are instructed to reach the centre on time by 9:30 AM / as decided with TC and delay should be highlighted to the Training Partner in advance.
- <u>Video Calls</u>: Random video calls are made to the technical SPOC/assessor so as to keep a check on assessment quality and ensure assessment is carried out in a fair and transparent manner
- Aadhar verification of candidates
- <u>Evening Check (Post Assessment)</u>: Calls are made to the ground team to ensure the event is over by what time and the documentation is done properly or not.
- <u>TP Calling</u>: To keep a check on malpractices, an independent audit team calls the TP on a
 recorded line to take confirmation if there was any malpractice activity observed in the
 assessment on part of the AA/SSC team. If calls are not connected, an email is sent to TP
 SPOC for taking their confirmation
- <u>Video and Picture Evidence:</u> Backend team collects video and pictures for assessment on a real-time basis and highlights any issue such as students sitting idle/ trainer helping the candidates during the assessment.
- <u>Surprise Visit:</u> Time to time SSC/AA Audit team can visit the assessment location and conduct a surprise audit for the assessment carried out by the ground team.
- Geo Tagging: On the day of the assessment, each technical SPOC is required to login into
 our internal app which is Geotagged. Any deviation with the centre address needs to be
 highlighted to the assessment team on a real-time basis.

Method for assessment documentation, archiving, and Access:

- ASCI have a fully automated result generation process in association with multiple AAs
- Theory, Practical and Viva marks form the basis of the results and encrypted files generated to avoid data manipulation. All responses were captured and stored in the







System with Time-Stamps at the end of AAs and SSC. NOS-wise and PC-wise scores can be generated.

- Maker Checker concept: One person prepares the results and another audit result which
 is internally approved by AA at first and then gets vetted at the end of SSC
- All softcopies of documents are received from the on-ground tech team over email. The
 same is downloaded by our internal backend team and saved in Repository. The
 repository consists of scheme-wise folders. These scheme-wise folders have two job rolespecific folders. These specific folders have Year wise and Month wise folders where all
 documents are saved in Batch specific folders. All Hard copies are filed and stored in the
 storeroom.

Result Review & Recheck Mechanism -

- Time-stamped assessment logs
- Answer/Endorsement sheets for each candidate
- Attendance Sheet
- Feedback Forms: Assessor feedback form, Candidate feedback form, TP feedback form
- The results for each of the candidates shall be stored and available for review (retained for 5 years/ till the conclusion of the project or scheme)







References

Glossary

Term	Description
Declarative Knowledge	Declarative knowledge refers to facts, concepts and principles that need to be known and/or understood in order to accomplish a task or to solve a problem.
Key Learning Outcome	The key learning outcome is the statement of what a learner needs to know, understand and be able to do in order to achieve the terminal outcomes. A set of key learning outcomes will make up the training outcomes. Training outcome is specified in terms of knowledge, understanding (theory) and skills (practical application).
OJT (M)	On-the-job training (Mandatory); trainees are mandated to complete specified hours of training on-site
OJT (R)	On-the-job training (Recommended); trainees are recommended the specified hours of training on-site
Procedural Knowledge	Procedural knowledge addresses how to do something, or how to perform a task. It is the ability to work or produce a tangible work output by applying cognitive, affective or psychomotor skills.
Training Outcome	Training outcome is a statement of what a learner will know, understand and be able to do upon the completion of the training.
Terminal Outcome	The terminal outcome is a statement of what a learner will know, understand and be able to do upon the completion of a module. A set of terminal outcomes help to achieve the training outcome.







Acronyms and Abbreviations

Term	Description
AGR	Agriculture
DSR	Direct Seeded Rice
ETL	Economic Threshold Levels
HDPE	High-Density Polyethylene
IPM	Integrated Pest Management
NOS	National Occupational Standard (s)
NSQF	National Skills Qualifications Framework
OJT	On-the-job Training
PP	Polypropylene
PHI	Protected Health Information
PwD	People with Disability
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
QP	Qualifications Pack
SRI	System of Rice Intensification